Update on CAC's Natural Resource Conservation Plan/NRI



View west from Signal Rock of Shawangunk and Catskill Mountains

Enabling Legislation

New York General Municipal Law Section 239-X (d):

It (Conservation Advisory Council) <u>shall keep an inventory</u> and map of all open areas within the municipality with the plan of obtaining information pertinent to proper utilization of such open lands.

Gallatin's Comprehensive Plan also calls for development of an NRI (NRCP)1

Review of Previous Studies

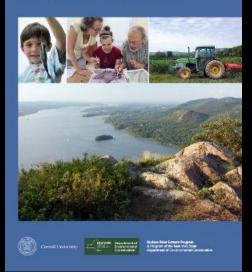
Town of Gallatin June 2023 Adopted Updated Comprehensive Plan

Draft **Town of Gallatin** Comprehensive Plan Part I: Vision, Goals and

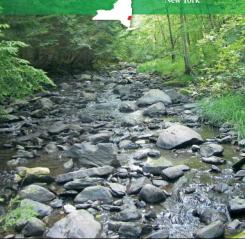
Strategies

This Plan Updates the 2007 Version June 2023

Creating a Natural Resources Inventory A Guide for Communities in the Hudson River Estuary Watershed



2018 NATURAL RESOURCES INVENTORY **Columbia County**



Punch Brook-Roeliff Jansen Kill Watershed Characterization Report



March 2024



Floodplain Forests of Columbia and Dutchess Counties, NY: Distribution, Biodiversity, Classification, and Conservation



by Claudia Knab-Vispo and Conrad Vispo Hawthorne Valley Farmscape Ecology Program in cooperation with Hudsonia Ltd.

December 2010



A Program of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Habitats and Wildlife in the Town of Gallatin



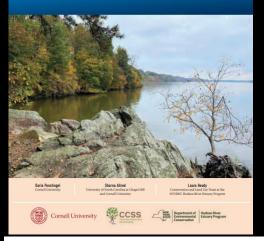
Christine Vanderlan, Conservation & Land Use Specialist Hudson River Estuary Program/Cornell University August 18, 2022

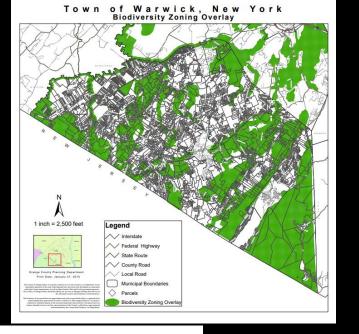




What are other towns doing?

Natural Resources Protection in the Hudson Valley: Municipal Conservation Stories



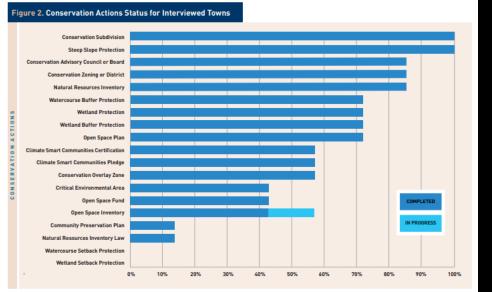


Ancram Columbia County, New York



Agriculture and Farmland Protection Plan

January 2011 Final Draft



Most towns in region have NRI's, Overlay Zones, Wetland and Watercourse protections

Gallatin Comp Plan Recommendations

- Establishment of the Forest Core Protection Overlay District_{1,2}
- Establish Critical Environmental Areas (CEA)₃
 Roeliff Jansen, Fall Kill and tributaries
- Extend Watercourse Protection Overlay District to protect more streams and tributaries₄
- Develop additional wetland protections 5, 6

1 Comprehensive Plan, p. 30,32

2 New York DEC's *Municipal Official's Guide to Forestry* writes that "the adoption of <u>a forest zone is the ideal way to help</u> <u>prevent the fragmentation</u> and conversion of forest land to other developed uses".

3 Comprehensive Plan, p. 30

4 Comprehensive Plan p. 31

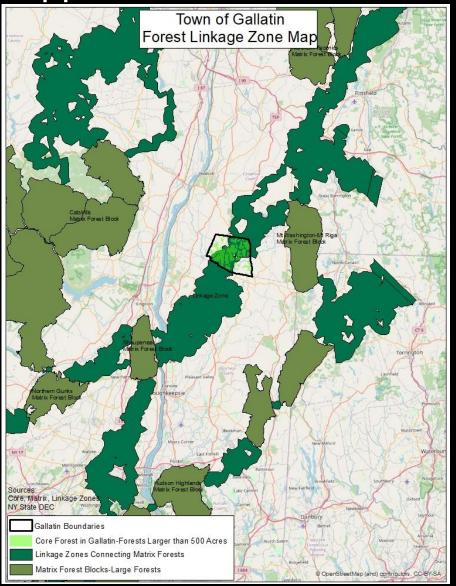
5 Comprehensive Plan, p. 35

6 Ancram, Copake, New Paltz, Red Hook have 50- to 150' stream and wetland buffers

Town of Gallatin Comprehensive Plan Part I: Vision, Goals and Strategies

This Plan Updates the 2007 Version March 2023

Gallatin's Forests are a Critical Link in the Chain from Appalachians to Green Mountains

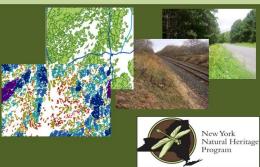


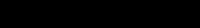
Gallatin and its Forests are Unique



Hudson Valley Forest Patch Update and Assessment

Amy K. Conley, Emily Cheadle, and Timothy G. Howard December 2019





Focus on forests



This BMP Field Guide is the property of

For more information about forestry and water quality, contact:

Watershed Agricultural Council Forestry Program (607) 865-7790

nysbmpguidelines.com

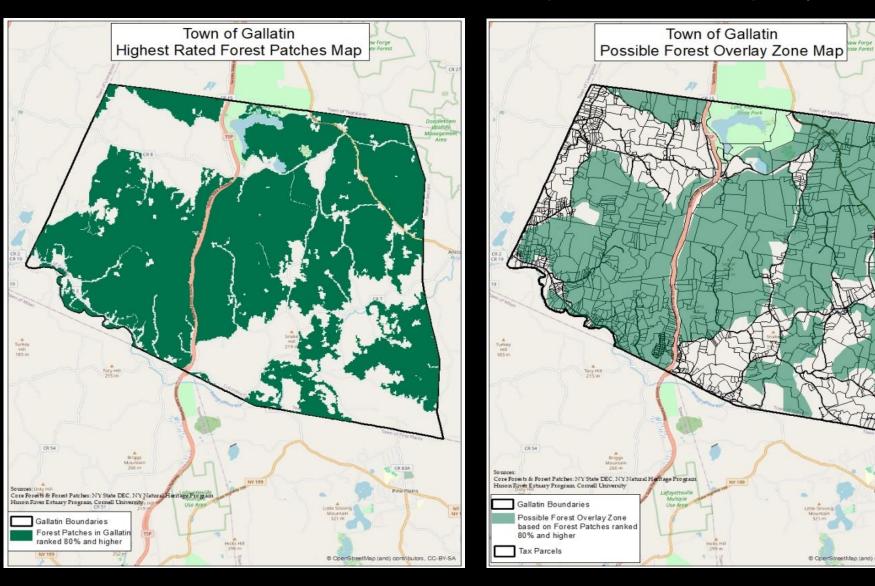
NYS DEC: Division of Lands and Forests (518) 402-9425 SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry (315) 470-6536 Empire State Forest Products Association (518) 463-1297

Guide to Forestry In New York State

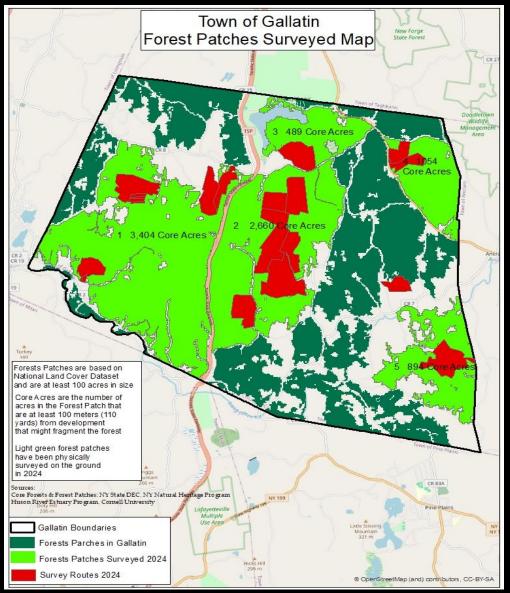
Forest Patches are forested areas larger than 100 acres

These Forest Patches rank in the top 80% for forest quality

@ OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA



Nine field surveys were conducted to verify results of the remote sensing



Current Threats

Ridgetop Clearing



Road Building

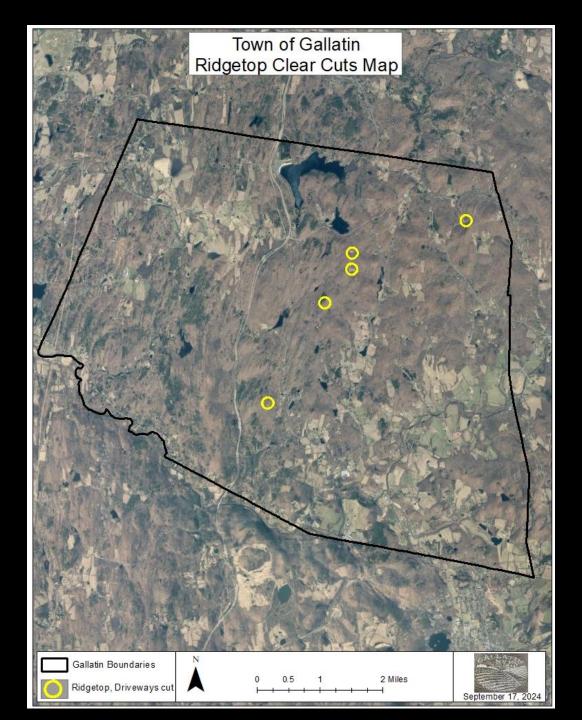


Steep Slope Logging



Clearing in buffer





Some Options for Discussion:

"Having consistent guidelines creates a fair process, where all applicants are treated the same and they know what to expect."

§ 127. Modification of specific requirements. Where the Planning Board finds that compliance with these regulations would cause unusual hardship or extraordinary difficulties, the minimum requirements of these regulations may be modified to mitigate the hardship.₂

From Comprehensive Plan

Increasing Lot Size₁

"Use of an average density of one allowed dwelling per 10 or 20 acres of forest land will greatly help to maintain the forest land base."²

Require Conservation Subdivision₃

Each individual lot created in a conservation density subdivision shall require a minimum lot area of 5 acres within the RA-2 District and a minimum lot area of 10 acres within the RA-3 District.⁴

Comprehensive Plan, p. 33
 New York DEC's *Municipal Official's Guide to Forestry.* p. 15
 Comprehensive Plan, p. 34
 Gallatin Land Subdivision Regulations, p. 42

Establish Critical Environmental Area (CEA),

- Map it
- Hold Public Hearing
- Notify DEC

Lets everyone know it is a special place-Stissing Mountain is a nearby CEA example

Will prompt closer scrutiny, studies "The potential impact on the environmental characteristics of the CEA must be evaluated"²

1 Comprehensive Plan, p. 30 2. Section 617.7 , SEQR.

Forest Core Protection Overlay District

Can have additional Development Standards:²

- Limit tree and vegetation removal and restore, as in Gallatin's Ridgeline Protection Overlay District (RPOD)₃ tree survey & tree replacement plan
- Clear cutting prohibited as in RPOD₄
 limit clearing to 1/2 acre
- Building envelopes to ensure proper siting to avoid fragmentation₅
- Buffers for watercourses, wetlands of 50 to 100 feet, as in WCPOD, COD₆
- Limit building on steep slopes and ridgelines, as in RPOD

1 Comprehensive Plan, p. 30, 32

- 2 Comprehensive Plan, p. 33, 36
- 3 Comprehensive Plan, p. 33, 34, RPOD p. 24
- 4 RPOD, p. 24
- 5 Comprehensive Plan, p. 33
- 6 Gallatin Zoning Law, p. 20

Apply Land Subdivision Regulations on all applications as RPOD does

- 102-2:B. Subdivision design shall minimize disruption and impacts to the natural environment.
 - C. Proper provisions shall be made to retain undeveloped natural areas and corridors ; sustain a diversity of native vegetation and wildlife; protect water resources, and implement other policies that protect the Town's environment pursuant to the Town's Comprehensive Plan.
- 117 B. The Planning Board <u>may require preservation of natural features</u> such as large trees or wooded areas, watercourses.
- 120. Preliminary Plat. Major subdivision: Map with wooded areas, significant preservable trees. <u>Planning Board may require additional data not</u> limited to ponds, outcrops, cliffs.

Timber Harvesting Permit Standards

Extend DEC Best Management Practices (BMPs) to all Commercial & 480-a harvests_{1,2}

Towns may require either that timber harvest plans meet generalized BMPs or they may specify BMPs by listing them in local ordinances³

DEC BMP'S: Recommends that forest cover be maintained within 15 feet of a stream or wetland-*not enough?* And that 50% of the tree canopy be maintained *within 35 to 100 feet* of a stream or wetland₄-*not enough?*

Prohibit Clear-Cutting: Now no harvesting of trees 12 inches in diameter or less

Adopt Milan's Logging Law-Cut no more than 1/3 of trees or basal area6,7

 Clear cutting and wetland restrictions are not detrimental to forestry: Local Regulation of Timber Harvesting in New York State. Whitney C. Forman-Cook, Robert W. Malmsheimer, and Rene´H. Germain. Forest Science. Dec. 2015. Page 1082
 "Where an applicant has obtained a tax exemption in accordance with 480-a of the New York State Real Property Law the applicant shall submit the approved management plan which the ZEO, in his determination, may accept wholly or partly." Zoning Law of Gallatin. Page 96.

- 3 Municipal Official's Guide to Forestry. Page 16
- 4 NYS DEC Forestry Voluntary Best Management Practices for Water Quality
- 5 Zoning Law of Gallatin. Page 96.
- 6 Town of Milan Code. Sect. 200-40 Commercial Logging.
- 7 Bob Davis, Forester, Winnakee Land Trust Executive Director

Tree Ordinance

For trees not protected by Timber Harvest or Subdivision standards

"A Tree Protection Ordinance would prevent a future applicant from removing or clearcutting trees in order to avoid the requirements of the FCPOD"₁

Red Hook's ordinance-trees larger than 6" need permit₂

New Castle's-permit for clear cutting more than 1/4 acres over 5 years₃

1 New York DEC's Municipal Official's Guide to Forestry . P.18

2 Town of Red Hook Code. Sect. 143-27.2. Tree and Topsoil Removal

3 Town of New Castle NY Environmental Protection Overlay regulations Sec. 64-5.